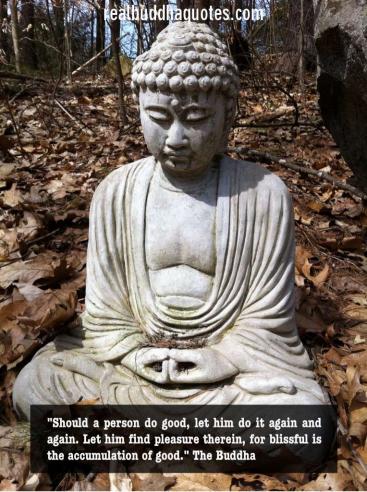


Ardently do today what must be done.
Who knows?—tomorrow, death comes.
The Buddha

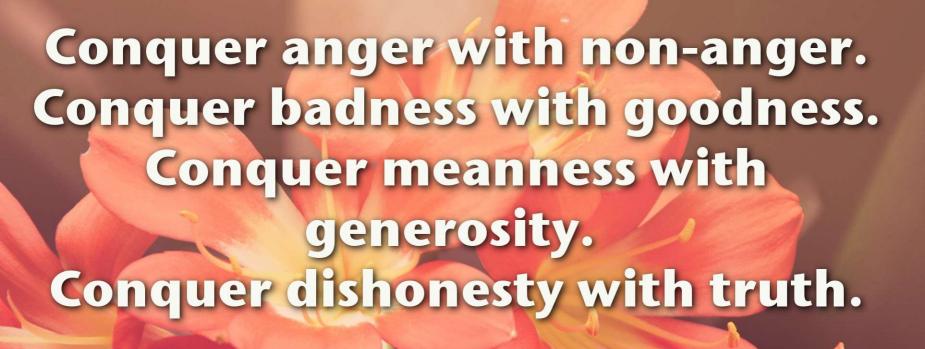




"Sakka, the deva-king asked the Buddha: "Fettered with what, dear sir — though they think, 'May we live free from hostility, free from violence, free from rivalry, free from ill will, free from those who are hostile' — do devas, human beings, asuras, nagas, gandhabbas, & whatever other many kinds of beings there are, nevertheless live in hostility, violence, rivalry, ill will, with those who are hostile?"



"Thus the Blessed One, when asked, replied: "Devas, human beings, asuras, nagas, gandhabbas, & whatever other many kinds of beings there are, are fettered with **jealousy & stinginess**, which is why — even though they think, 'May we live free from hostility, free from violence, free from rivalry, free from ill will, free from those who are hostile' — they nevertheless live in hostility, violence, rivalry, ill will, with those who are hostile." DN 21 Sakka-pañha Sutta



"For the person who transgresses in one thing, I tell you, there is no evil deed that is not to be done. Which one thing?

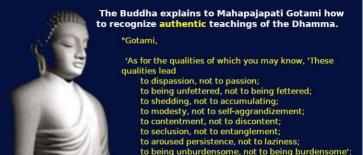
This: telling a deliberate lie "

Itivuttaka 25

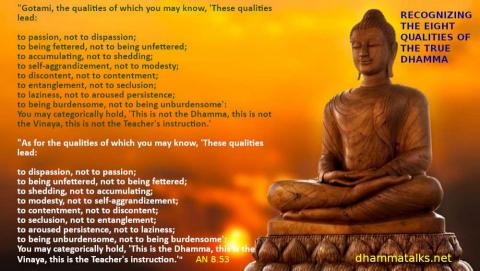
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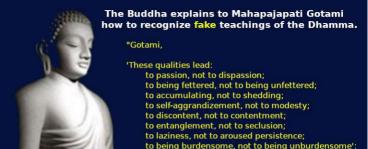


"Drop by drop is the water pot filled. Likewise, the wise man, gathering it little by little, fills himself with good." The Buddha



You may categorically hold, 'This is the Dhamma, this is the Vinaya, this is the Teacher's instruction.'"

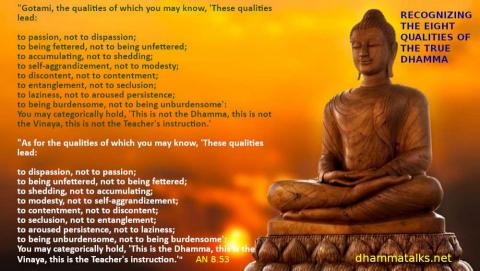




You may categorically hold.

'This is not the Dhamma, this is not the Vinaya, this is not the Teacher's instruction.'"

AN 8.53: Sankhitta Sutta





AS AN ELEPHANT IN THE BATTLEFIELD WITHSTANDS ARROWS SHOT FROM BOWS ALL AROUND, EVEN SO SHALL I ENDURE ABUSE.

-THE BUDDHA (DHAMMAPADA, 320)

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Carefully studying the sentences word by word, one should trace them in the Discourses and verify them by the Discipline. If they are neither traceable in the Discourses nor verifiable by the Discipline, one must conclude thus: 'Certainly, this is not the **Blessed One's utterance: this** has been misunderstood by that bhikkhu — or by that community, or by those elders, or by that elder.' In that way, bhikkhus, you should reject it. -The Buddha



"Monks, a lay follower should not engage in five types of business.

Which five?

Business in weapons, business in human beings, business in meat, business in intoxicants, and business in poison."

"These are the five types of business that a lay follower should not engage in."

AN 5.177 Vanijja Sutta

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The Five Sense Desires

"Mendicants, I do not see a single *sight that occupies a man's mind like the *sight of a woman.

The*sight of a woman occupies a man's mind."

"Mendicants, I do not see a single *sight that occupies a woman's mind like the *sight of a man. The *sight of a man occupies a woman's mind."

AN1.1-10

*sound, smell, taste, touch

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"Mendicants, there are four (modes of), clinging. Which four?"

"Sensuality clinging, view clinging, habit-&-practice clinging, & doctrines-of-the-self clinging."

(MN 11)





In giving food, one gives five things: long life, beauty, happiness, strength, and clear speech.

AN5.37

A wise one is a giver of life, strength, beauty, and eloquence. An intelligent giver of happiness gains happiness in return.

Giving life, strength, beauty, happiness, and eloquence, they're long-lived and famous wherever they're reborn."



Whoever doesn't flare up at someone who's angry wins a battle hard to win.

-The Buddha



If a man going down into a river, swollen and swiftly flowing, is carried away by the current — how can he help others across? ne Buddha realbuddhaquotes.com

"Having gone on his almsround, the sage should then go to the forest, standing or taking a seat at the foot of a tree. The enlightened one, intent on jhana, should find delight in the forest, should practice ihana at the foot of a tree. attaining his own satisfaction." The Buddha

It is in the nature of things that joy arises in a person free from remorse. -The Buddha

"Abandon what is unskillful, monks. It is possible to abandon what is unskillful.

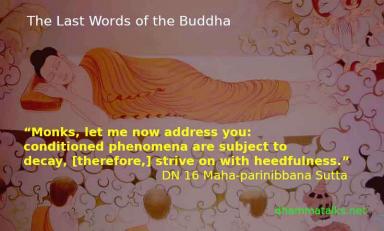
If it were not possible to abandon what is unskillful, I would not say to you, 'Abandon what is unskillful.'

Develop what is skillful, monks. It is possible to develop what is skillful.

If it were not possible to develop what is skillful, I would not say to you, 'Develop what is skillful.'"

AN 2.19 Kusala Sutta





"A lay follower should not engage in these five trades: weapons, living creatures, meat, intoxicants, and poisons."

AN5.177

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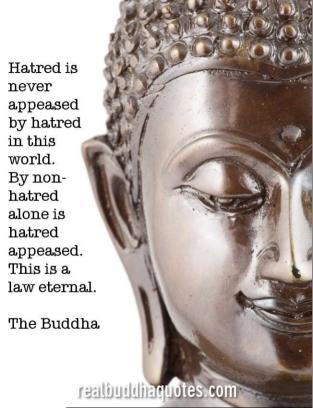
Just as with her own life A mother shields from hurt Her own son, her only child, Let all-embracing thoughts For all beings be yours. -The Buddha



"If with a pure mind a person speaks or acts, happiness follows them like a never-departing shadow."

The Buddha





Those who cling to perceptions and views
Wander the world offending people.
—The Buddha (Magandiya Sutta)



"Just as the great ocean has one taste, the taste of salt, so also this teaching and discipline has one taste, the taste of liberation." The Buddha

The Origin of the Sharing of Merits

Sakka presented the following four questions (to the Buddha):

(a) Among gifts, which is the best?

(b) Among tastes, which is the best?

(c) Among delights, which is the best?

(d) Why is the eradication of craving said to be the greatest of all conquests?

To these questions, the Buddha replied,

"Oh Sakka, the Dhamma is
the best of all gifts,
the best of all tastes, and
the best of all delights.
Eradication of Craving
leads to the attainment
of arahatship and is, therefore,
the greatest of all conquests."

At the end of the discourse, Sakka said to the Buddha,

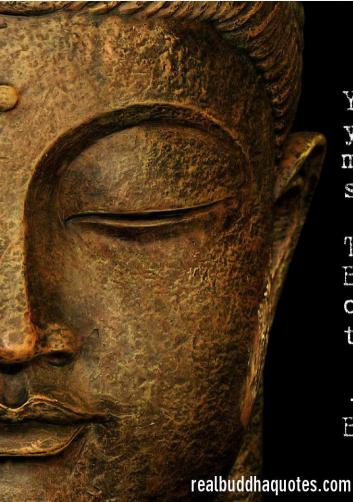
"Venerable Sir, if the gift of the Dhamma excels all gifts why are we not invited to share the merit whenever gifts of the Dhamma are made?

Venerable Sir! I pray that, from now on, we may be given a share in the merit of good deeds".

Then the Buddha asked all the bhikkhus to assemble and exhorted them to share the merit of all their good deeds with all beings.

Since then, it has become a custom to invite all beings from the thirtyone realms to come and share merit whenever a good deed is done.

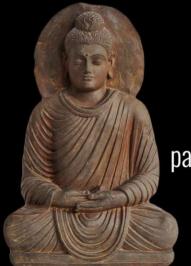
Dhammapada 354



You yourself must strive.

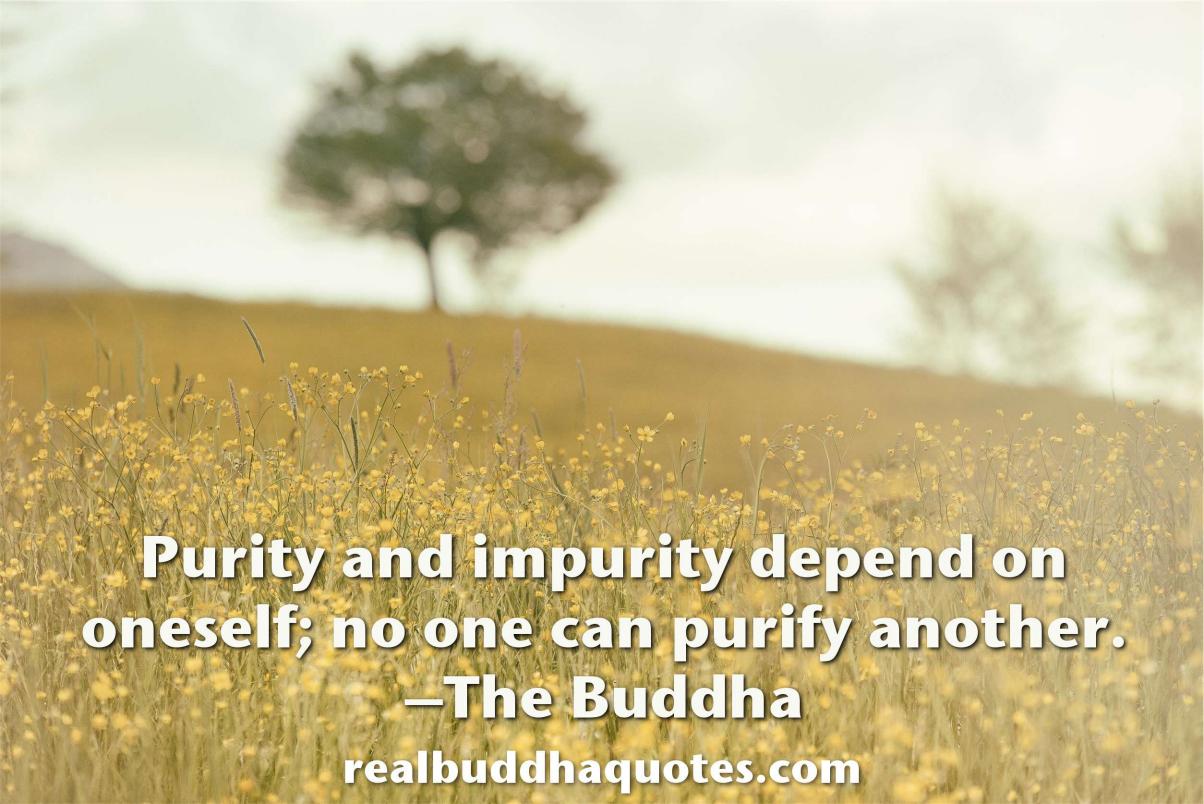
The Buddhas only point the way.

- The Buddha



If you knew what I know about the **power of giving**, you would not let a single meal pass without **sharing it** in some way.

- Buddha



Radiate boundless love towards the entire world above below and across unhindered without ill will without enmity. -The Buddha

"Resolutely train yourself to attain peace."



"And what is right speech?

Abstaining from lying, from divisive speech, from abusive speech, & from idle chatter.

This is called right speech."

SN 45.8

"The root of suffering is attachment"

The Buddha

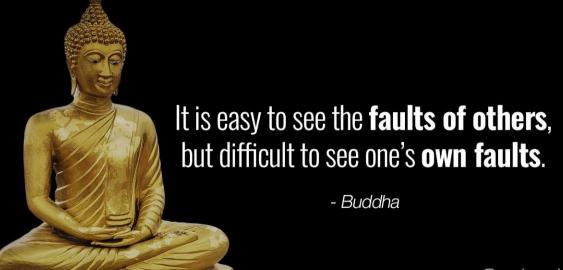


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"There will come a time when the mighty ocean will dry up, vanish and be no more.
There will come a time when the mighty earth will be devoured by fire, perish and be no more.

But yet there will be no end to the suffering of beings roaming and wandering this round of rebirth, hindered by ignorance and fettered by craving."

(S.22.99 "Gaddulabaddha Sutta")



The Sense Desire

It's impossible to indulge in sensual pleasures without sensual desire."

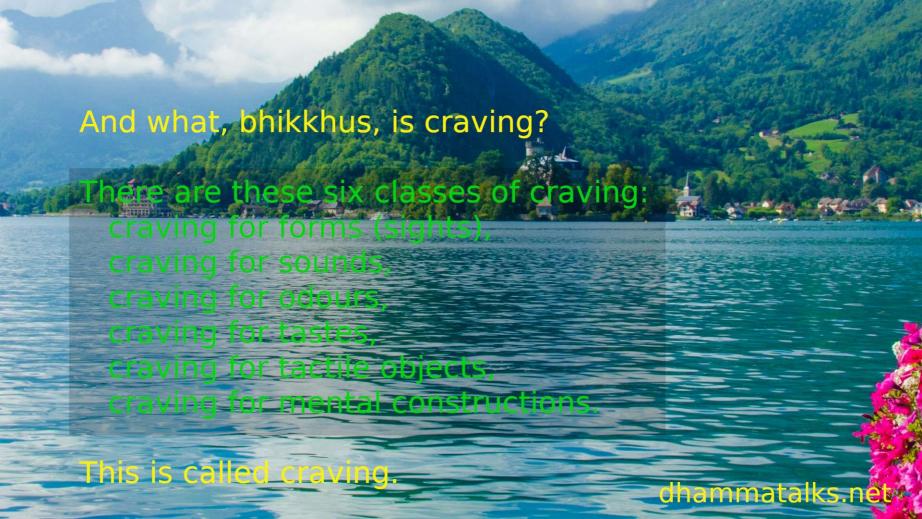
Note:

The five senses are, by themselves, not an issue. The desires that arise after in contact with them are. **MN22**

Should a seeker not find a companion who is better or equal, let them resolutely pursue a solitary course.

The Buddha

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"Monks, these two slander the Tathagata. Which two?

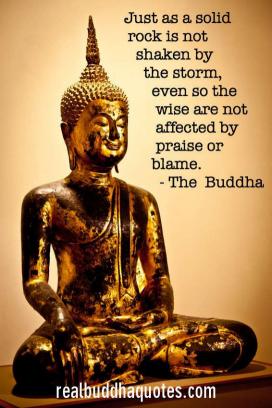
He who explains what was not said or spoken by the Tathagata as said or spoken by the Tathagata.

And he who explains what was said or spoken by the Tathagata as not said or spoken by the Tathagata.

These are two who slander the Tathagata."

Abhasita Sutta

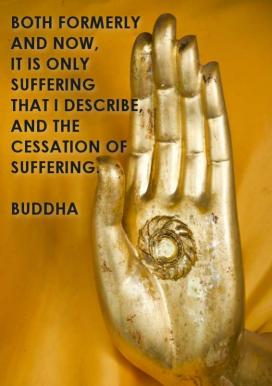




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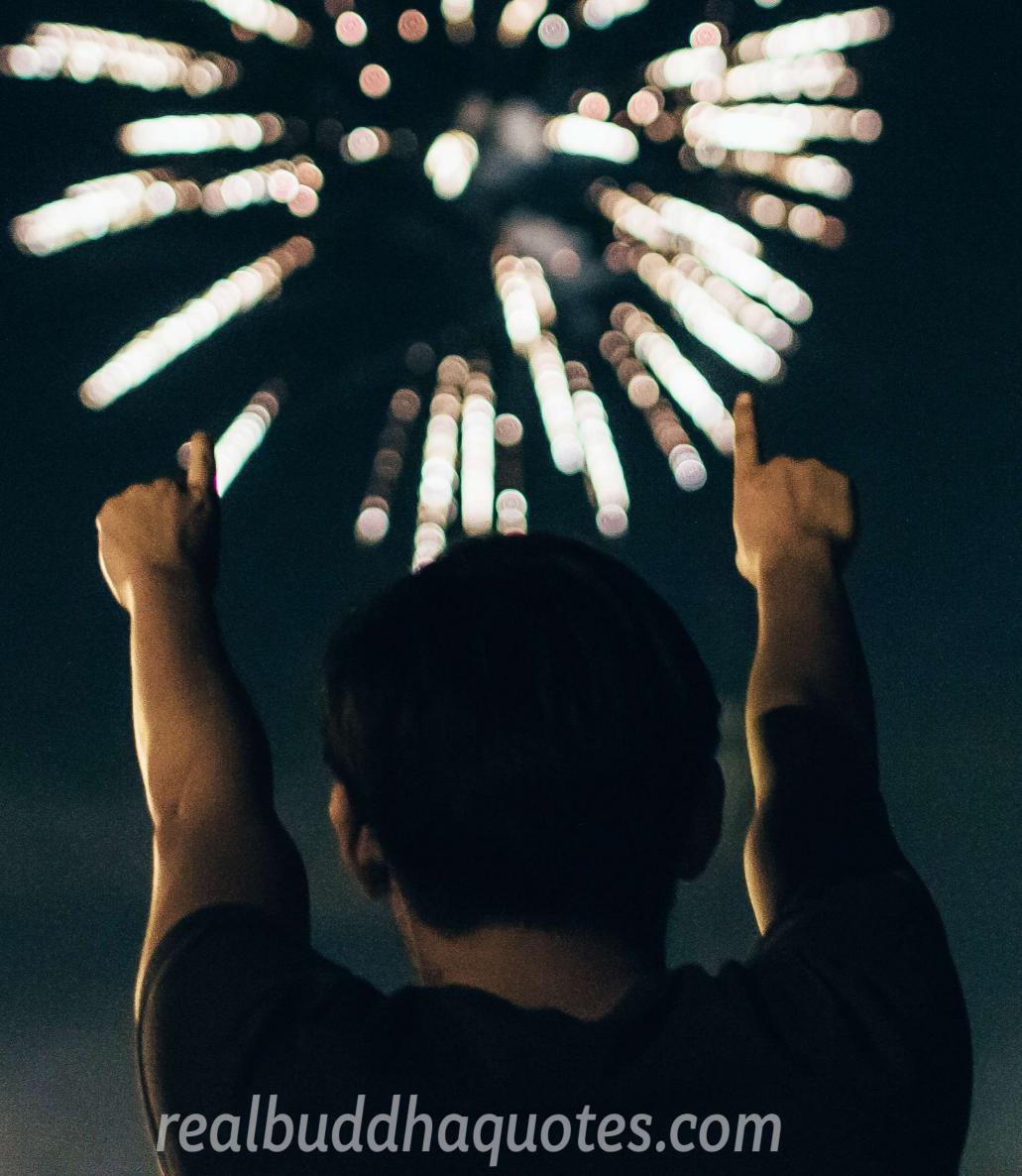
"The calmed say that what is well-spoken is best; second, that one should say what is right, not unrighteous; third, what's pleasing, not displeasing; fourth, what is true, not false." — The <u>Buddha</u>



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"To support mother and father, to cherish partner and children, and to be engaged in peaceful occupation—this is the greatest blessing."

The Buddha



"I don't envision a single thing that, when developed & cultivated, brings about such happiness as the mind.

The mind, when developed & cultivated, brings about

happiness."

AN 1.30

"I don't envision a single thing that, when undeveloped & uncultivated, leads to such great harm as the mind. The mind, when undeveloped & uncultivated leads to great harm."

"I don't envision a single thing that, when developed & cultivated, leads to such great benefit as the mind. The mind, when developed & cultivated, leads to great benefit."

AN 1.27 & 1.28

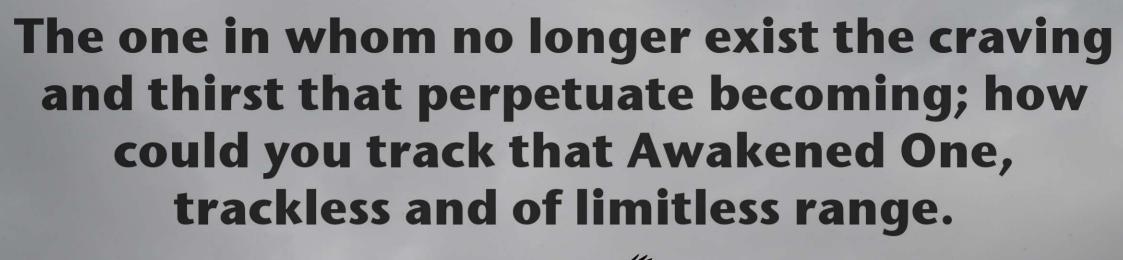
"I don't envision a single thing that, when undeveloped & uncultivated, brings about such suffering & stress as the mind.

The mind, when undeveloped & uncultivated, brings about suffering & stress."

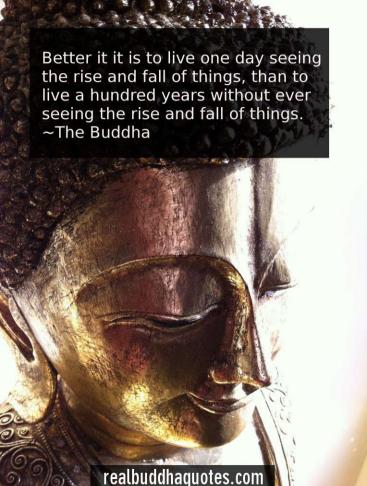
"I don't envision a single thing that, when developed & cultivated, brings about such happiness as the mind.

The mind, when developed & cultivated, brings about happiness."

AN 1.29 & 1.30









"The world is afflicted by death and decay. But the wise do not grieve, having realized the nature of the world." —The Buddha

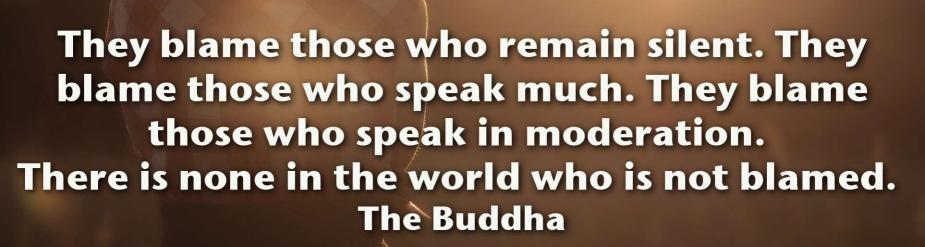
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There is no fear for one whose mind is not filled with desires. The Buddha



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Bhikkhus, these two extremes should not be followed by one gone forth (into the homeless life). What two?

That which is this pursuit of <u>sensual happiness</u> in sense pleasures, which is low, vulgar, the way of the ordinary person, ignoble, not connected to the goal; and that which is this pursuit of <u>self-mortification</u>, which is painful, ignoble, not connected to the goal.

Bhikkhus, without veering towards either of these two extremes, the One Who Moves in Reality has awakened to the middle path, which gives rise to vision, which gives rise to knowledge, which leads to peace, to higher knowledge, to full awakening, to Nibbāna.

(Dhammacakkappavattana Sutta)

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(Dhammacakkappavattana Sutta)



As a water bead on a lotus leaf,

as water on a red lily, does not adhere,

> so the sage does not adhere to the seen, the heard, or the sensed. – The Buddha

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Some do not understand that we must die, But those who do realize this settle their quarrels. ~ The Buddha

